

ON FINITELY VALUED BIMODAL SYMMETRIC GÖDEL LOGICS

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A "symmetric" formulation of the intuitionistic propositional calculus Int^2 , suggested by various authors (G. Moisil, A. Kuznetsov, C. Rauszer), presupposes that each of the connectives $\&, \vee, \rightarrow, \top, \perp$ has its dual $\vee, \&, \rightarrow, \perp, \top$, and the duality principle of the classical logic is restored. Gödel logic is the extension of intuitionistic logic by linearity axiom: $(p \rightarrow q) \vee (q \rightarrow p)$. Denote by G_n the n -valued Gödel logic.

We investigate symmetric Gödel logic G_n^2 , the language of which is enriched by two modalities \Box_1, \Box_2 . The resulting system is named bimodal symmetric Gödel logic and is denoted by MG_n^2 . MG_n^2 -algebras represent algebraic models of the logic MG_n^2 . The variety \mathbf{MG}_n^2 of all MG_n^2 -algebras is generated by finite linearly ordered MG^2 -algebras of finite height m , where $1 \leq m \leq n$. We focus on MG_n^2 algebras, which correspond to n -valued MG_n^2 logic.

A description and characterization of m -generated free and projective MG^2 -algebras in the variety \mathbf{MG}_n^2 is given.