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BOUNDEDNESS OF MULTIPLE CONJUGATE FUNCTIONS AND STRONG MAXIMAL FUNCTIONS IN WEIGHTED GRAND L^p SPACES

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Let $T^n = T \times T \times \dots \times T$, where $T = [-\pi, \pi]$.

The weighted grand Lebesgue space $L_w^p(T^n)$, $1 < p < \infty$ is a Banach function space of 2π -periodic with respect to each variable function $f : T^n \rightarrow R^1$ defined by the norm

$$\|f\|_{L_w^p(T^n)} = \sup_{0 < \varepsilon < p-1} \left(\frac{\varepsilon}{(2\pi)^n} \int_{T^n} |f(x)|^{p-\varepsilon} w(x) dx \right)^{\frac{1}{p-\varepsilon}}.$$

The grand Lebesgue space L^p was introduced by T. Iwaniec and C. Sbordone [1].

We discuss the boundedness problem of the following integral operators:

$$\tilde{f}(x) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^n} \int_{T^n} f(x_1 + s_1, \dots, x_n + s_n) \prod_{j=1}^n \text{ctg} \frac{s_j}{2} ds, \quad x = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

-the multiple conjugate function and

$$M_s f(x) = \sup_{J \ni x} \frac{1}{|J|} \int_J |f(y)| dy$$

-the strong maximal function. By J we denote n -dimensional rectangles with sides parallel to the coordinate axis and edges with length not greater than 2π .

Definition 1. A almost everywhere positive measurable function $w : R^n \rightarrow R^1$ is said to be class $\widetilde{A}_p(T^n)$ if

$$\sup_J \frac{1}{|J|} \int_J w(x) dx \left(\frac{1}{|J|} \int_J w^{1-p'}(x) dx \right)^{p-1} < \infty.$$

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Theorem 1. *Let $1 < p < \infty$. Then the following conditions are equivalent:*

- (i) \tilde{f} is bounded in L_w^p
- (ii) M_s is bounded in $L_w^p(T^n)$
- (iii) $w \in \widetilde{A}_p(T^n)$.

Let σ_m^α , $m = (m_1, \dots, m_n)$, $\alpha = (\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n)$, $\alpha_j > 0$ ($j = 1, \dots, n$) be the Cesàro means of multiple trigonometric Fourier series:

$$\sigma_m^\alpha(f, x) = \frac{\sum_{j=0}^{m_1} \dots \sum_{j=0}^{m_n} A_{m_1-j_1}^{\alpha_1-1} \dots A_{m_n-j_n}^{\alpha_n-1} S_{j_1, \dots, j_n}(f, x)}{\prod_{j=1}^n A_{m_j}^{\alpha_j}}$$

where $A_k^\beta = \binom{k}{\beta}$ and S_{j_1, \dots, j_n} are the rectangle partial sums of Fourier series.

Then we have

Theorem 2. *Let $1 < p < \infty$ and $w \in \widetilde{A}_p(T^n)$. Then*

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \|\sigma_m^\alpha(f) - f\|_{p, w} = 0$$

for arbitrary $f \in L_w^p(T^n)$.

Note that it is known $L_w^p \subset L_w^p \subset L^{p-\varepsilon}$ with $0 < \varepsilon < p - 1$.

For the boundedness of Hardy-Littlewood maximal function in weighted grand L^p spaces we refer to [2]. For boundedness of Hilbert transform and Cauchy singular integral in L_w^p spaces was studied in [3] and [4] respectively.

Analogous problems in weighted Orlicz classes were investigated in [5].

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